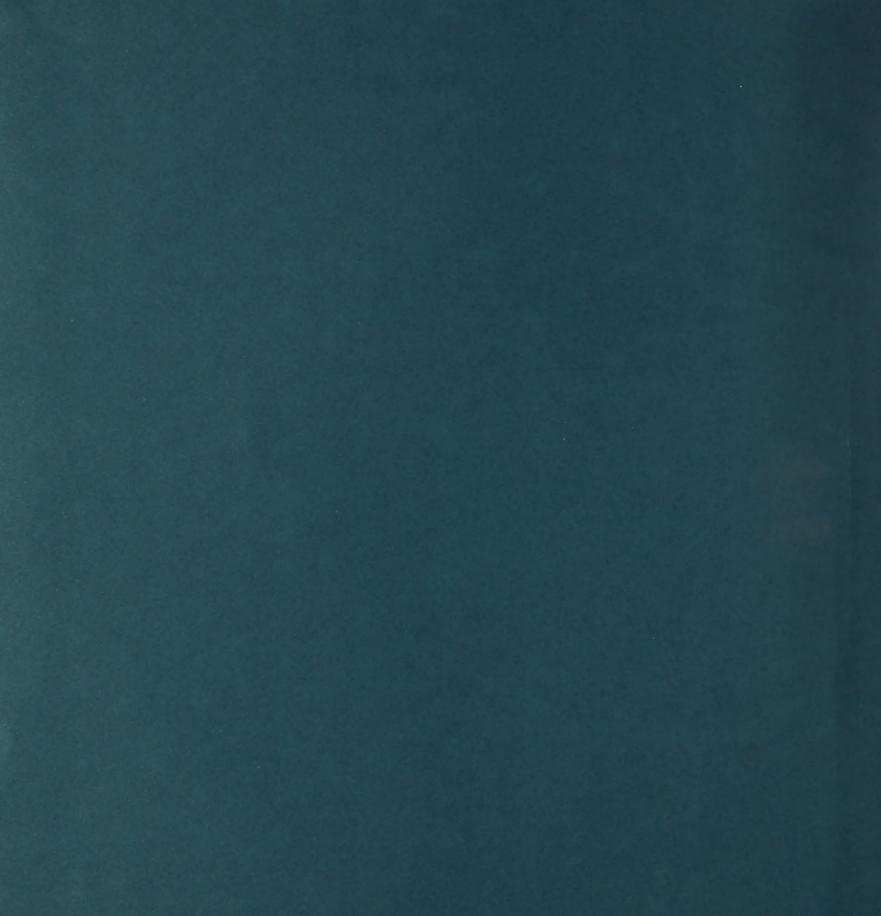
ON FIRE LARRY SCHWARM

Lilly TR 820 .S358 2003 c.3







New & Noteworthy 779.3 S399 058.

### ON FIRE LARRY SCHWARM

New & Noteworthy 179.3 5399 058

Digitized by the Internet Archive in 2021 with funding from Duke University Libraries

https://archive.org/details/onfire03schw











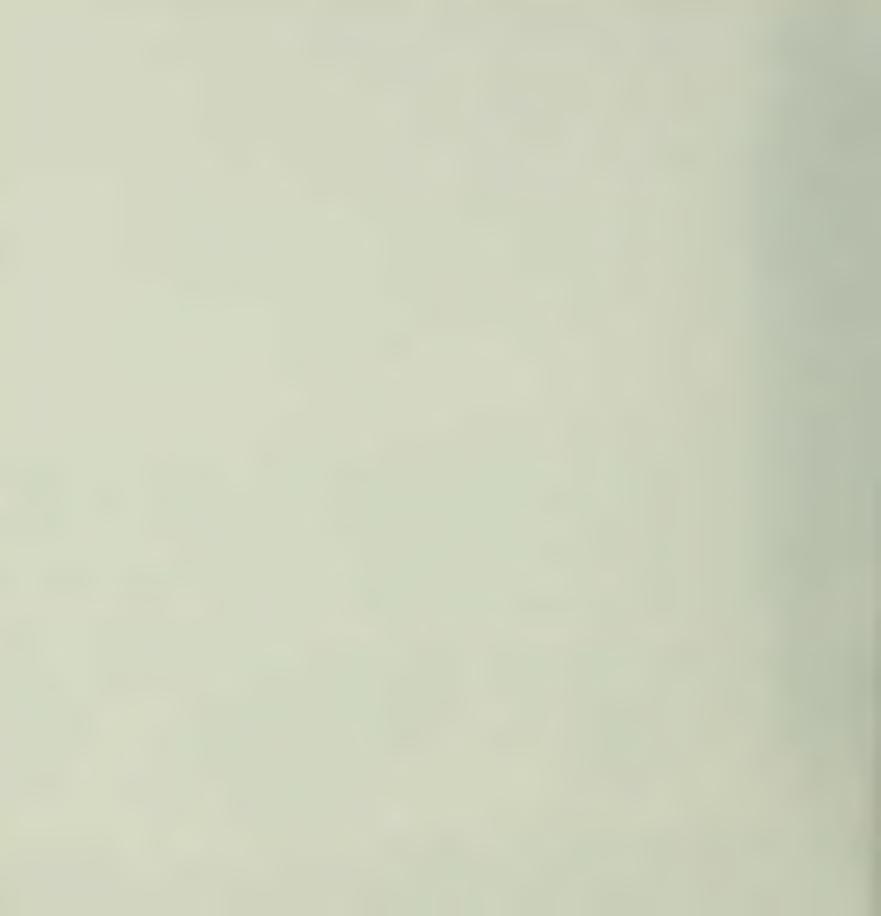
















## ON FIRE LARRY SCHWARM

WINNER OF THE CENTER FOR DOCUMENTARY STUDIES/ HONICKMAN FIRST BOOK PRIZE IN PHOTOGRAPHY FOR PEG BICKER

MY WIFE,

MY BEST FRIEND.

MIT MOST KESPECTED CKITIC

AND MY SECOND SET OF EYES-

YOU'VE MADE MY WORLD MUCH LARGER

### CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION BY ROBERT ADAMS

PHOTOGRAPHS

AFTERWORD

INDEX

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

# INTRODUCTION BY ROBERT ADAMS

Larry Schwarm's photographs of the on the name are so compelling that I cannot imagine any later photographer trying to do certer. His partures convince us that scenningly far away events are close by, relevant to any serious person's life.

The photographer engages our attention that by heightening our amazement at the sensuality of the Most of us have enjoyed looking into a fireplace, but now of us have observed as well as the astonishing shopes and colors and fluidity of fire. He is so skilled in recording its appearance that occasionally we almost hear the burning and feel the warmth.

My rather and Lusert to burn off a field in Colorado, and Litemember the small of grass smoke. acute and sweet at once, resolving spinetion are contradictions of the seasons. It is a memory that helps me understand the calm that seems to permeate the charred ground of Kansas.

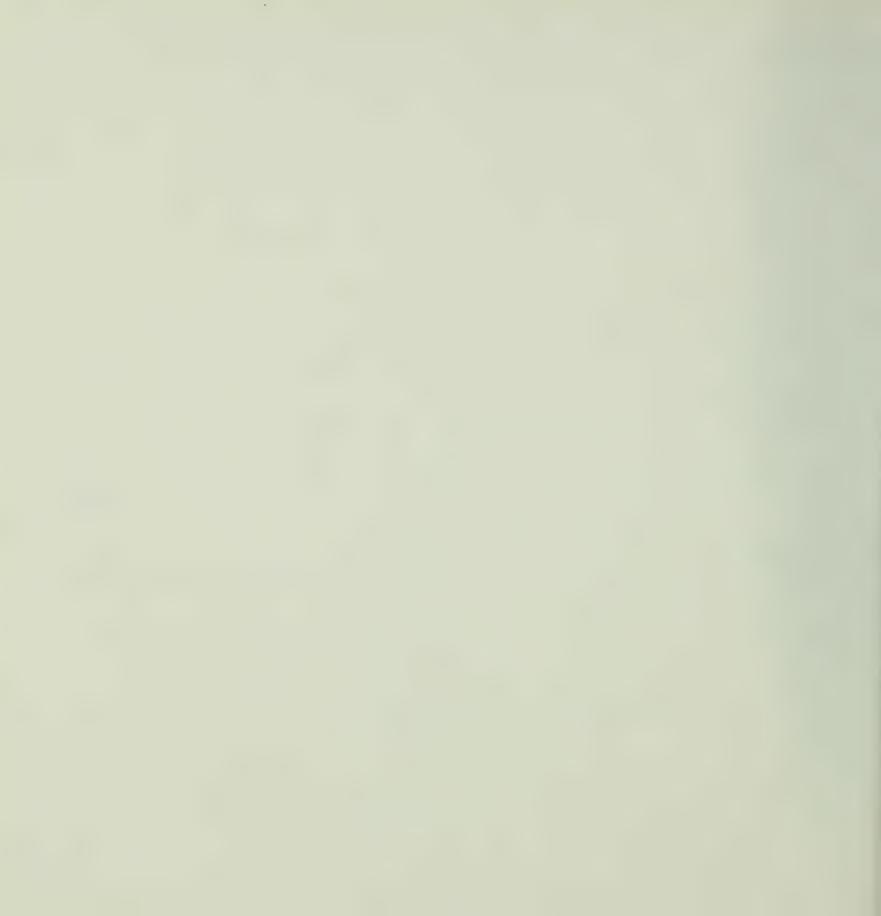
If Schwarm enlists our interest by showing us the appearance of fire, he sustains that interest by suggesting what it might mean. To do that he must be familiar with his subject, have a disciplinary command of his medium, see accurately and so compose effectively, and then select for his book just those pictures that convey what he intends.

What do the photographs mean? We recall from that question in fear that the pictures might wither to abstraction, but their sensuality saves them. In any case we all do look for meaning in life and thus in art, its reflection. How could we not, since the two most evident characteristics of

life, beauty and suffering, seem a contradiction that undermines meaning, or at least obscures it. Because Schwarm has chosen to include in his book views of beauty at so many different hours of day and dusk and night, and because he shows us beauty even after destruction, the pictures suggest to me that beauty lasts forever. As in the paintings of Frederic Church and the music of Beethoven and the poetry of Robinson Jeffers, it is the only answer that wakure appears to give us. It may feel a cruelly abbreviated reply, as cold as Church's pictures of ice bergs, but there is no appeal. Our choice is ultimately whether to say yes to what cannot he avoided—lying down in glory with the burning grass and trees.

The prairie has often been compared to a seascape made of earth and air. Schwarm's pictures add to that the missing fourth element, helping us to understand.

Many of us would probably say, I think, that there is at least one other truth relevant to affirming life, one equal in significance to an awareness of natural beauty. William Blake wrote of It: "Mercy has a human heart, Pity a human face." Though as a landscape photographer Schwarm does not include people in his photographs, he does imply in the accompanying text something important (Dorothea Lange noted that successful pictures often depend on captions) the fires on the Flint Hills are now usually set and shaped by people who want, in so far as they understand, to help heal the earth.



#### ON FIRE

Everywhere ahead in the surrounding dark,
the land not separable from the black sky, stretch orange lines of fire,
red-gold on jet, angles and curves, oghams and cursives of flames,
infernal combustings, and a pall rising and
surrounding and seeming to make the valley a smoking pit.

What city of burning light is this,
and how could I have so lost my way to come into it and not know it?

-William Least Heat-Moon, from PrairyErth





















































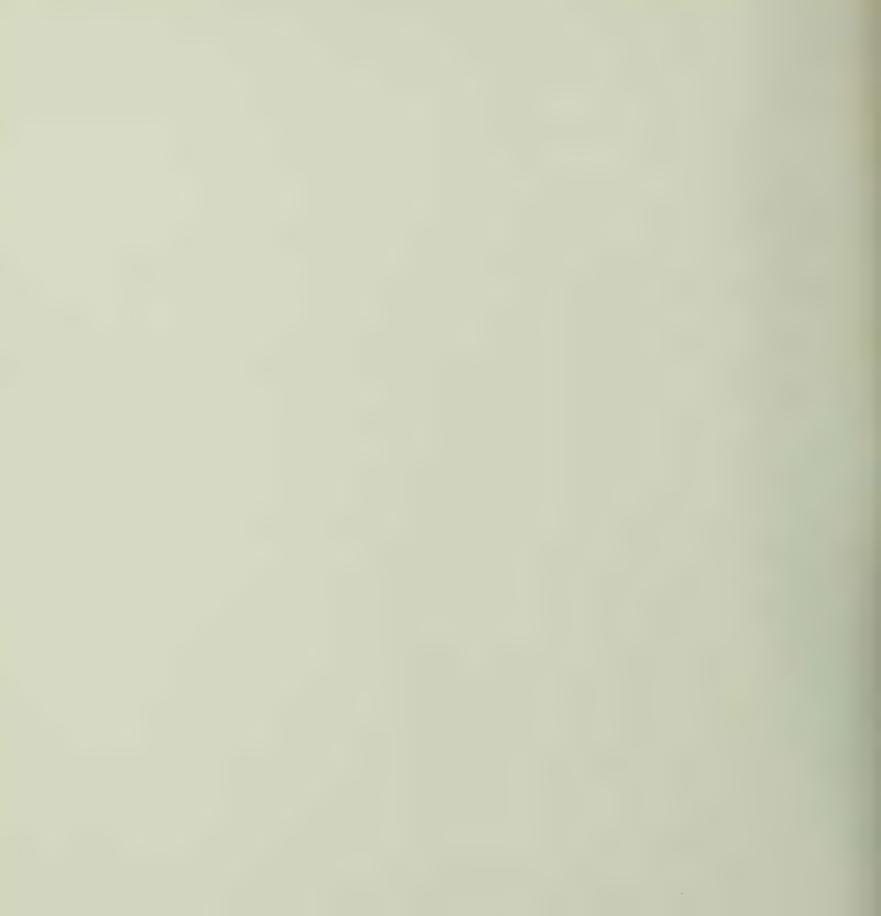




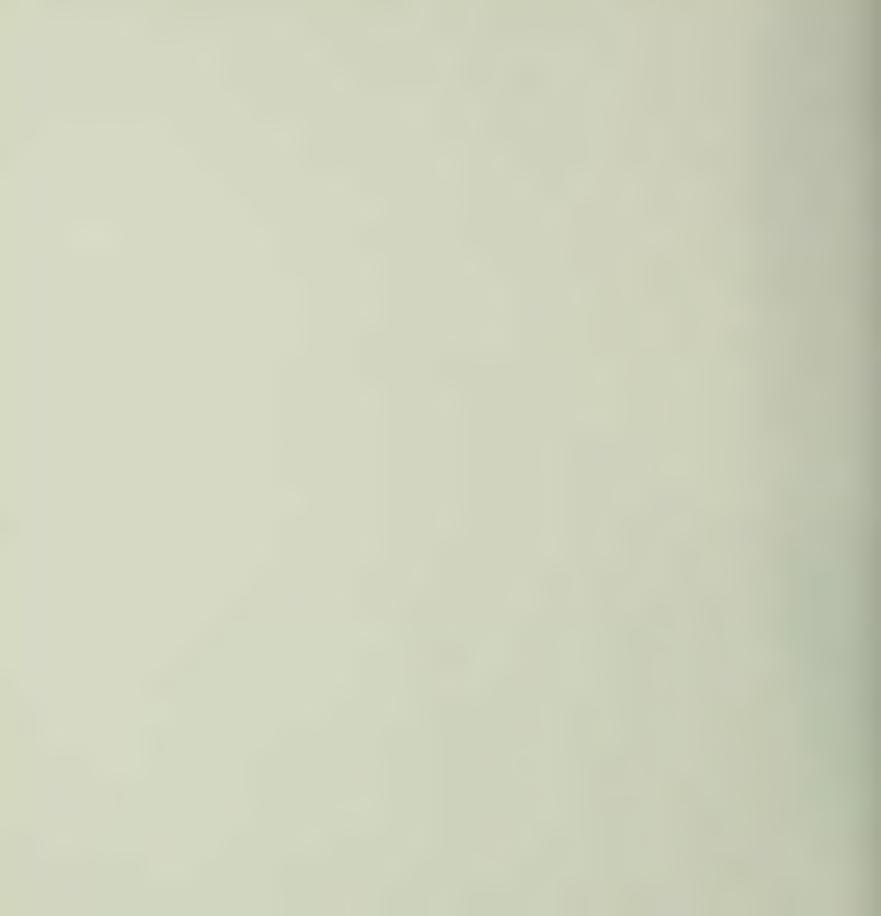
































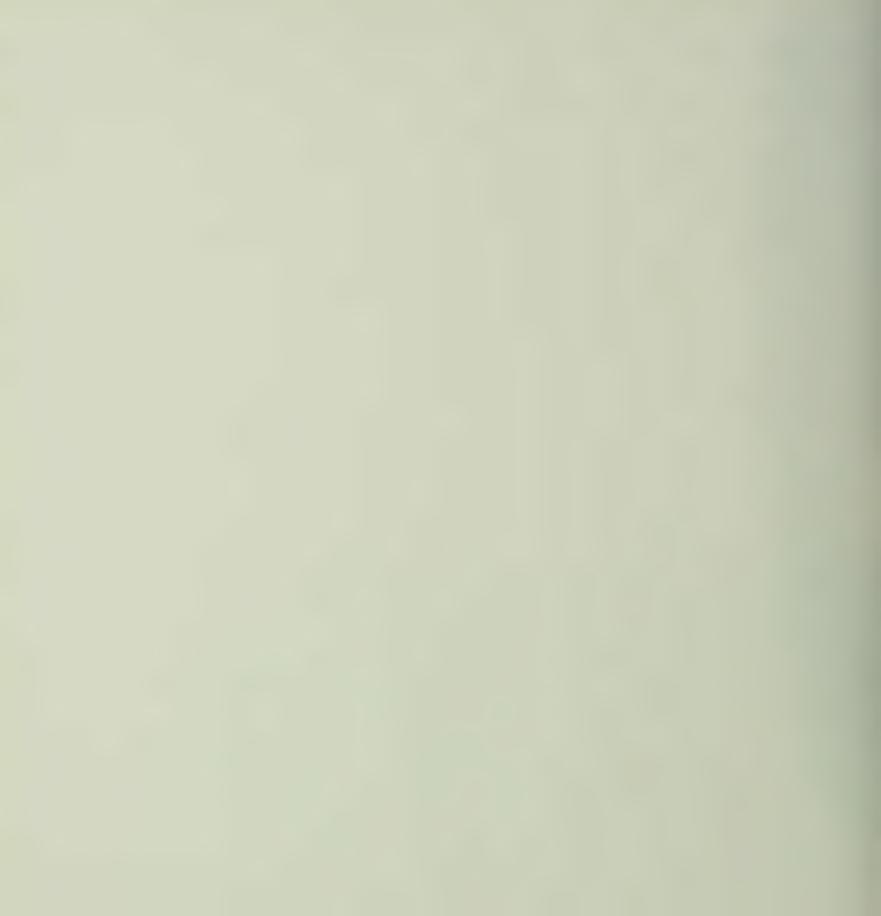




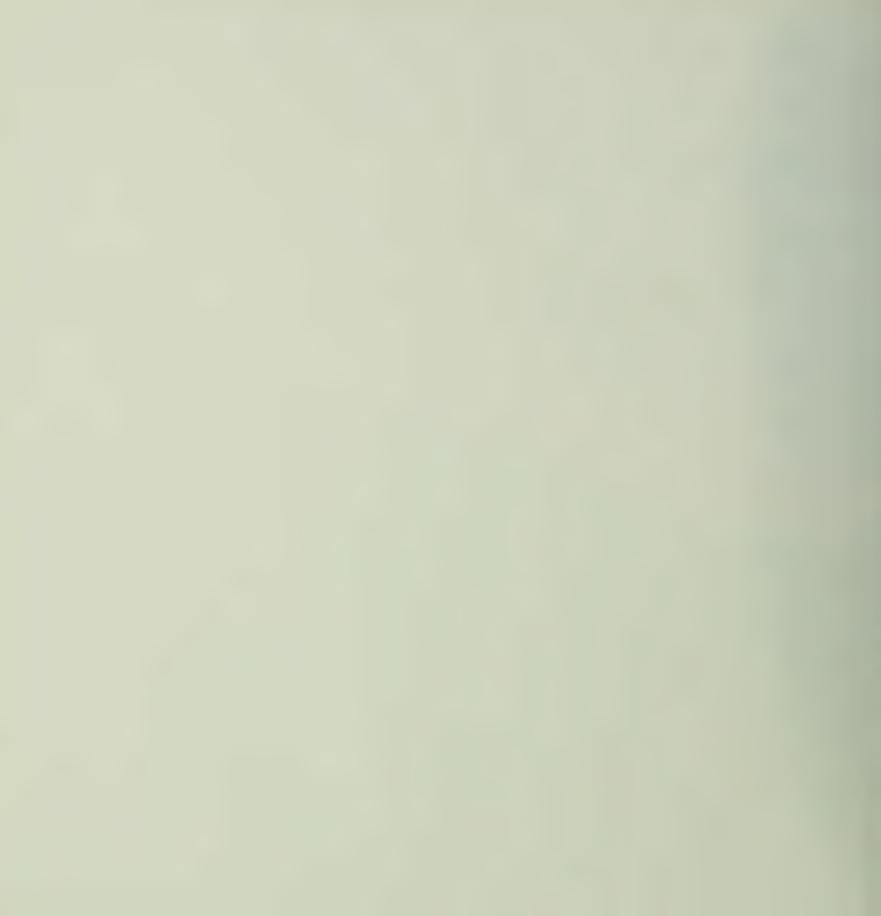


















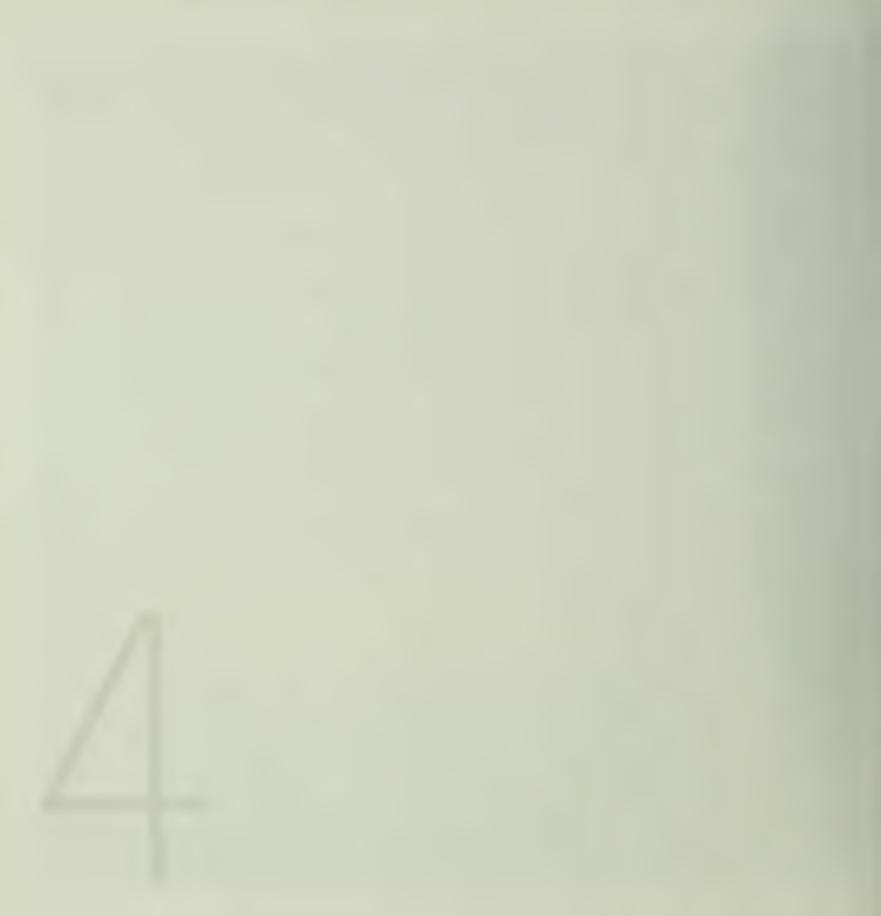
















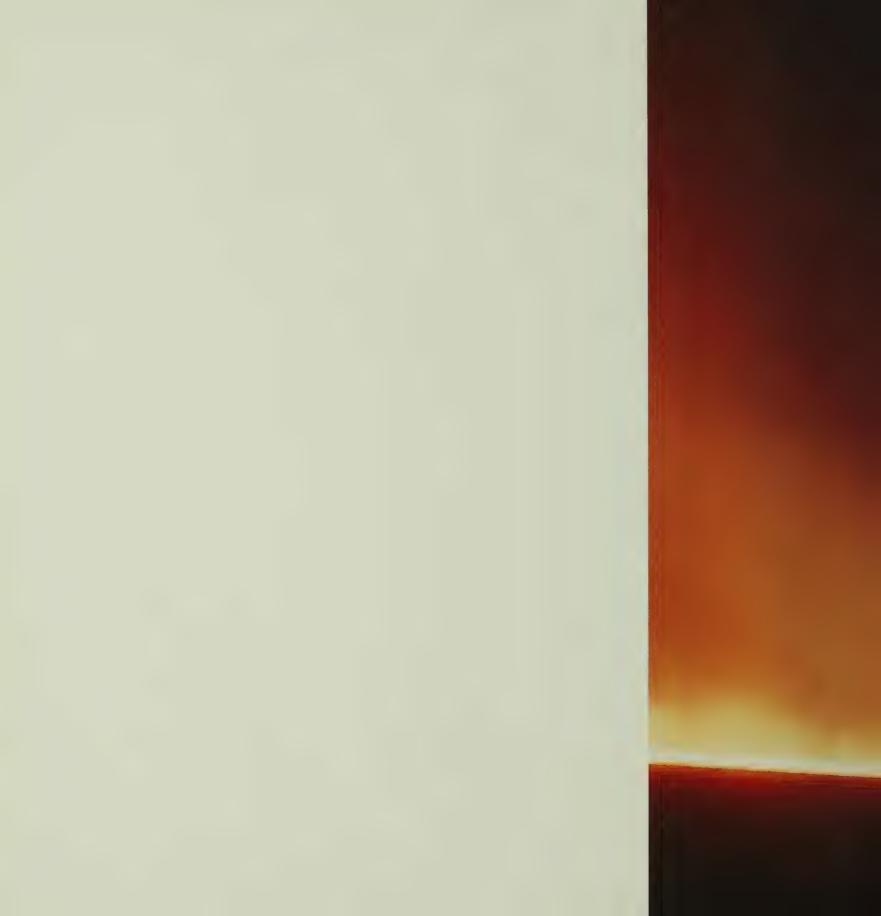








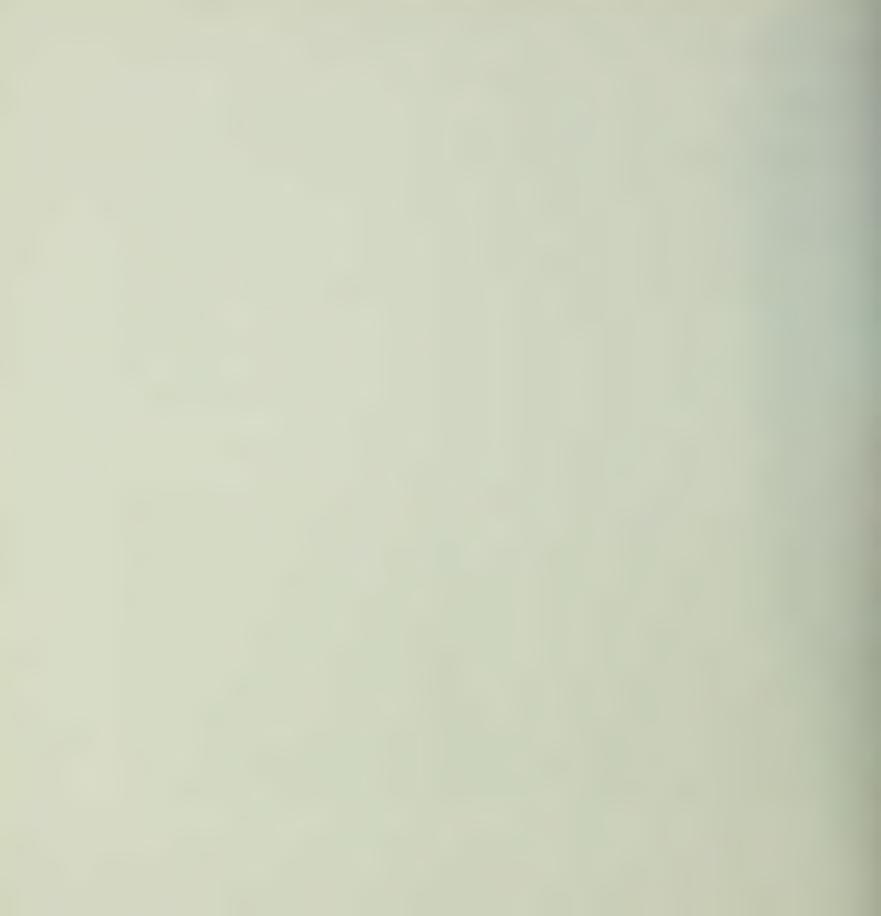
















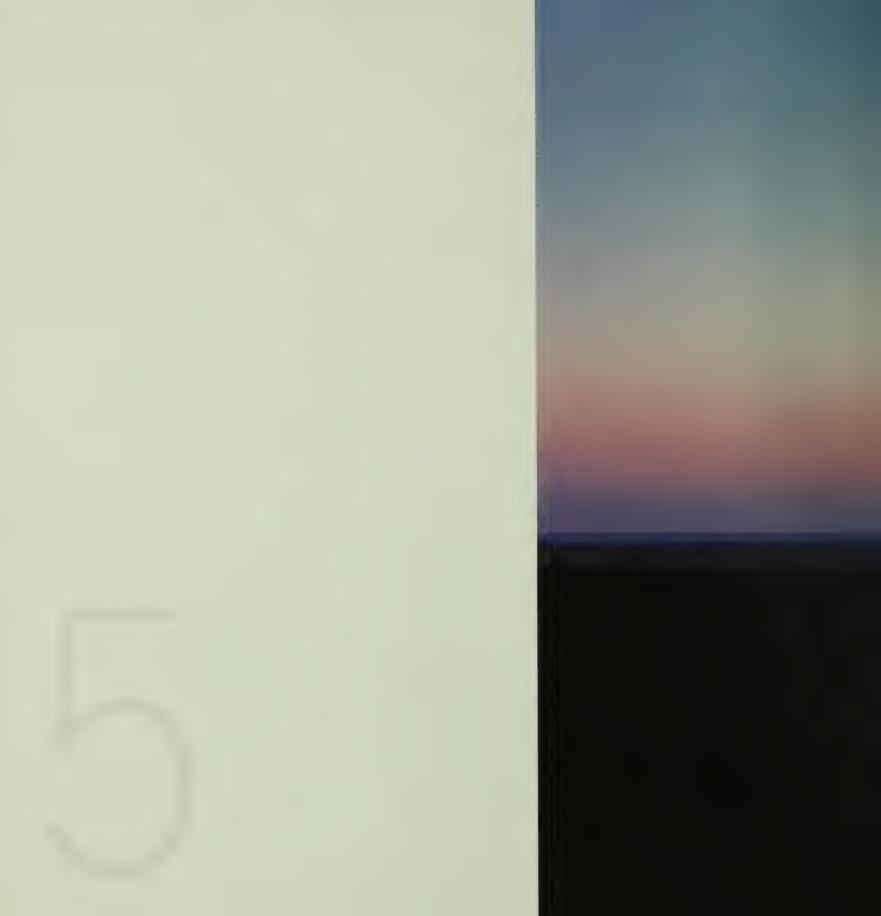




























## AFTERWORD

Photography has the remarkable power to impress into memory a distillation of a particular segment of time, the desire to hold memories of now a moment looks, smells, and feets led me to become a photographer.

Since ancient times like has been considered one of the four elements, along with earth, air, and water. Fire has a connection to but collective unconscious—it is good and evil, soothing and terrifying protective and threatening, a force for destruction and rebirth. Elijah was taken to heaven in a charlot of line; Saint Anthony is sometimes depicted with his feet in flames from stamping out the next, fine heats our houses but can destroy our homes. And grass, too, in its many forms is fundamental to our being on this planet. Fire and grass—now could I not be drawn to them?

The North American fallgrass praise once covered the rastern Great Plains, stretching from Texas to Canada and covering nearly 152 million acres. Agricultural and urban development have taken their toll, and roday not even 1 percent of the original tallgrass praise romains, with much of that broken into small isolated parcels. My photographs are made on the largest romaining stand of the tallgrass prairie, the Flint Hills in east-central Kansas.

Fire is assential to the prairie ecosystem. Without it, the prairie would have grown into scrub forest. Before human habitation, unbroken expanses of grasses as fall as eight-feet high would catch on fire and pure for hundreds of inities. Native Americans set fires to entice bison to the

new grass that replaced the burned. European settlers adapted the practice and burned to encourage new growth for their cattle, as well as to kill invasive trees and weeds. What started as a natural phenomenon became an annual event controlled by people. The metaphor is obvious—without destruction there is no rebirth; for every act there is an opposing one.

The work in this book represents twelve years of photographing the controlled burning that occurs every spring in the Flint Hills. I never intended to document the fires in the strictest sense of the word, but rather to capture every essence of them, from calm and lyrical to angry and raging. I discovered in the fires' subtleties and abstractions a spirituality akin to what Mark Rothko expressed in his color-field paintings. These qualities, both quiet and other-worldly, form what I see as the sublime and mystical character of the burning landscape, where images are at once both sensuous and menacing.

I grew up on a farm in south-central Kansas. To describe it as subtle is something of an over-statement. There were no trees, no hills, and what water there was formed a muddy pond, more often dry than full. Neighbors lived miles apart; anything that happened was an event. That seemingly empty landscape taught me to look very carefully, for which I have always been grateful. No matter where I am, no matter what I'm looking at, my point of reference is the minimalist landscape of Kansas where I first observed the world.

### INDEX

#### 2

- 1. Comet Hale-Bopp and fire, south of Emporia, Kansas, 1997
- 2. Prairie fire near Cottonwood Falls, Kansas, 1997
- 3. Fire and pond, Chase County, Kansas, 1999
- 4. Inferno, southern Lyon County, 1999
- 5. Fire on Nelson Pasture, Lyon County, Kansas, 2002
- 6. Head fire, Greenwood County, Kansas, 1998
- 7. Three trees burning, Z-Bar Ranch, Chase County, Kansas, 1994
- 8. Line of fire, Chase County, Kansas, 1991
- 9. Waves of fire near cattle pens, Chase County, Kansas, 1990
- 10. Fire with full moon, Chase County, Kansas, 1993

#### 1

- 11. Grass and burned field, Lyon County, Kansas, 1991
- 12. Bluestem grass, Lyon County, Kansas, 2000
- 13. Dragon on Meyer's Farm, Lyon County, Kansas, 1991
- 14. Head fire, Chase County, Kansas, 1998
- 15. Burning grass along drainage ditch, east of Emporia, Kansas, 2000
- 16. Fire and wind, Chase County, Kansas, 2001
- 17. Burning grass, Lyon County, Kansas, 1994
- 18. Flames and rocky landscape, Chase County, Kansas, 1998
- 19. Fire (before and after), Lyon County, Kansas, 1992
- 20. Fire whorl, Lyon County, Kansas, 1994
- 21. Fire whorl (seconds later), Lyon County, Kansas, 1994
- 22. Pasture fire on Road 140, Lyon County, Kansas, 2001
- 23. Fire along Highway 50, near Saffordville, Kansas, 2002

- 24. Overlook with fires on horizon, Chase County, Kansas, 1994
- 25. Overlook two weeks after burning, Chase County, Kar sas. 1995
- 26. Two hills with burned grass, Chase County, Kansas, 1964. Fire lines, Chase County, Kansas, 1990
- 28. Flame, Morris County, Kansas, 2001
  Raging fire, CRP land, Lyon County, Kansas, 2001
- 30. After prairie fire, Chase County, Kansas, 1998
- 31. Fire near Cassoday, Kansas, 1990
- 32. Fire, Easter night, Chase County, Kansas, 1991
- 33. Earth, fire, and water, Z-Bar Ranch, Chase County, Kansas. 1961
- 34. Burning cottonwood tree, Chase County, Kansas, 1994
- 35. Prairie fire near Cassoday, Kansas, 1990
- 36. Brush fire along Mudd Creek, Lyon County, Kansas, 1998
- 37. Blue moon, Chase County, Kansas, March 1999
- 38. First fire of 1999, north of Emporia, Kansas

#### 3

- 39. Burning tree with Ryder sky, Chase County, Kansas, 2001
- 40. Flames, Morris County, Kansas, 2000
- 41. Grass, CRP land, north of Olpe, Kansas, 2000
- 42. Dancing flame, Lyon County, Kansas, 2000
- 43. Prairie fire near cattle pens, Chase County, Kansas, 1998
- 44. Light from fire near Chase County Lake, Kansas, 2000
- 45. Diagonal fire at sunset, Chase County, Kansas, 2000
- 46. Jacob's Mound, Chase County, Kansas, 1992
- 47. Burned field, south Lyon County, Kansas, 1991
- 48. Yellow smoke, Lyon County, Kansas, 1995
- 49. Grass fire near Kingman, Kansas, 1997

#### 4

- 50. Rock guarry, east of Cottonwood Falls, Kansas, 2000
- 51. Fire on Highland Ranch, Chase County, Kansas, 1996
- 52. Night fire near Bazaar, Kansas, 1990
- 53. Rocky landscape after burn, Chase County, Kansas, 2000
- 54. Sunset with fire, Lyon County, Kansas, 2001
- 55. Fire, near Chase County Lake, Kansas, 2000
- 56. Fire lines at twilight, southern Lyon County, Kansas, 1999
- 57. Along Highway 99, north of Olpe, Kansas, 2001
- 58. Afterglow near Elmdale, Kansas, 1997
- 59. Burning cow chips, western Lyon County, Kansas, 2002
- 60. Fire with tree on Nelson Pasture, Lyon County, Kansas, 2002
- 61. Smoke, Franklin County, Kansas, 1993

#### \_\_

- 62. Burned pastures at dusk, Chase County, Kansas, 1999
- 63. Smoke, Lyon County, Kansas, 1999
- 64. Flames, southern Lyon County, Kansas, 2000
- 65. Mushroom-shaped smoke, near Lyon and Chase County line, 1992
- 66. Fire on Mai's Pasture, Lyon County, Kansas, 1999
- 67. Flint Hills at sunset along Sharpe's Creek Road, Chase County, Kansas, 1990
- 68. New grass about two weeks after burning, Chase County, Kansas, 1996

## ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Where to woo a min show do you end? There have been so many people that have influenced and helped me along the way.

Years ago, still in my photographic youth, Jim Enyeart included me in his National Endowment Survey Grant which helped me realize my connection to the land. His early guidance and support was invaluable. The Morgan Gallery in Kansas City was the first to handle my work and make me believe that I was a lear cities. Merry Foresta at the National Museum of American Art included my work in the exhibition that forever cemented my dedication to this fire project. There are dozens of other museums and galleries that have shown my photographs and encounaged me to keep working, and I thank them all.

The Mid America Arts Alliance and the Kansas Arts Commission awarded fellowships that allowed me to purchase equipment and take necessary steps in my pursuit. Emporia State University, where i teach, has been wonderfully supportive with time and resources. My colleagues, especially Dan Krohmfor, Eraine Menry, and Ann Piper offer Insights and inspire me. My students challenge me and keep me on my toes.

This book is what I have always dreamed of for this project. Without Lynne Honickman's generous support through the Honickman Foundation this publication would not have happened. Iris Tillman Hill and Alexa Dilworth at the Center for Documentary Studies have been wonderful to work with and have helped to shape the sometimes overwhelming pile of photographs into a coherent body of work. Yolanda Cuomo is responsible for the beautiful design of this book. Thanks to all the behind-the-scenes staff at CDS for making this a reality.

I want to especially thank the ranchers and landowners who allow me, sometimes even encourage me, to trespass on their land to get to the fires. They've offered advice, opened gates, given me rides in their trucks, and even pulled my car out of a mud hole. In twelve years and hundreds of fires, the harshest words I've heard have been to be careful and don't sue 'em if I get hurt. They are great people who love their land. I hope I've done you proud.

The Honickman Foundation in collaboration with the Center for Documentary Studies issues this inaugural prize book as a tribute to the memory of

Michael E. Hoffman

Publisher, editor, and champion of photography

1942-2001

The Honickman Foundation is dedicated to the support of projects that promote the arts, education, health, and social change. Embodied in this commitment is a fundamental belief that creativity enriches contemporary scorety, because the arts are powerful tools for enlightenment, equity, and empowerment. Hence, this locus to help expand, nourish, and center attention on contemporary photography. It is the formulation's aim to stimulate America's energetic photo-collecting universe into the full maintation of photography's rich accomplishment and potential both as an art form and as a tool for social change.

# THE CENTER FOR DOCUMENTARY STUDIES / HONICKMAN FIRST BOOK PRIZE IN PHOTOGRAPHY

This biennial prize offers publication of a book of photography, a \$3,000 award, and inclusion in a traveling exhibition of prizewinners. Each year a distinguished individual in the field of photography is chosen to judge the prize and write an introduction to the winning book. The prize is open to American photographers who use their cameras for creative exploration, whether it be of places, people, or communities; of the natural or social world; of beauty at large or the lack of it: of objective or subjective realities. The prize will honor work that is visually compelling, that bears witness, and that has integrity of purpose. *On Fire* is the inaugural book in the series.





## © 2003 by Larry Schwarm Introduction © 2003 by Robert Adams All rights reserved

The paper for this book meets the guidelines for permanence and durability of the Committee on Production Guidelines for Book Longevity of the Council on Library Resources.

Associate book designer: Kristi Norgaard

Manufactured in Great Britain

Cover photograph:

Fire near Cassoday, Kansas, 1990

Back cover photograph:
Prairie fire near Cassoday, Kansas, 1990

Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data Schwarm, Larry W.

On fire / Larry W. Schwarm.

p. cm.

ISBN 0-8223-3208-6

1. Photography of fires. 2. Grassland fires—Pictorial works. 3. Schwarm, Larry, 1944- I. Title.

TR820 S358 2003

779' 3-dc21

2003005384

Duke University Press

Box 90660

Durham, North Carolina 27708-0660

www.dukeupress.edu

Lyndhurst Books, the imprint of the Center for Documentary Studies, are published with support from the Lyndhurst Foundation.

Center for Documentary Studies at Duke University

http://cds.aas.duke.edu

First printing







